

**abut** [ə'bʌt] *v*

1. (on, upon) примыкать, граничить
2. 1) (on, against) упираться
- 2) (on, upon) опираться
3. *mex.* соединять впритык

**abut**

Oxford Advanced Learners Dictionary 8th Ed.

**abut** [abut abuts abutted abutting] *BrE* [ə'bʌt] <sup>ˈ</sup> *NAmE* [ə'bʌt] <sup>ˈ</sup> *verb* (-tt-)

*intransitive, transitive ~ (on/onto) sth* (formal) (of land or a building)

to be next to sth or to have one side touching the side of sth

- His land abuts onto a road.

Verb forms:

verb forms	
present simple	
I / you / we / they	abut
	<i>BrE</i> /ə' bʌt/
	<i>NAmE</i> /ə' bʌt/
he / she / it	abuts
	<i>BrE</i> /ə' bʌts/
	<i>NAmE</i> /ə' bʌts/
past simple, past participle	abutted
	<i>BrE</i> /ə' bʌtɪd/
	<i>NAmE</i> /ə' bʌtɪd/
-ing form	abutting
	<i>BrE</i> /ə' bʌtɪŋ/
	<i>NAmE</i> /ə' bʌtɪŋ/

Word Origin:

late Middle English: from Anglo-Latin *abuttare*, from *a-* (from Latin *ad* 'to, at') + Old French *but* 'end'.

**abut**

Longman DOCE 5th Ed. (En-En)

**a**but /ə' bʌt/ *BrE* <sup>ˈ</sup> *AmE* <sup>ˈ</sup> (also **abut on**) *verb* (past tense and past participle **abutted**,

present participle **abutting**) [*transitive*] *formal*

[*Date:* 1400-1500; *Origin:* Partly from Old French *aboter* 'to share a border with', from *bout* 'act of hitting, end', from *boter* 'to hit'; partly from Old French *abuter* 'to come to an end', from *but* 'end, aim']

if one piece of land or a building abuts another, it is next to it or touches one side of it ⇒ **adjoin**

**abut**

Freakuency Pack

12500 **11217**<sup>MCW</sup>

15000 **10660**<sup>COCA</sup>

RANGE: **9k** **ABUT** <sup>574</sup>

abut <sup>147</sup>

abutting <sup>137</sup>

abutted <sup>53</sup>

abuts <sup>120</sup>

abutment <sup>82</sup>

abutments <sup>35</sup>

COCA 500k Unlemmatized

<sup>133</sup> **65387**<sup>133</sup> *vv0*

<sup>14</sup> **214662**<sup>14</sup> *vvi*