

**whereas**

1. [we(ə)'ræz] *n*

1. вступительная часть официального документа; преамбула
2. ограничительное положение, оговорка, условие  
a statement diluted with various whereases - заявление, изобилующее различными оговорками

2. [we(ə)'ræz] *conj*

1. *вводит предложения*
  - 1) *со значением противопоставления или контраста* тогда как, в то время как; а  
he was spending all his time on teaching, whereas he yearned to do research work - у него всё время уходило на преподавание, в то время как он мечтал об исследовательской работе  
she is always ailing, whereas he is never ill - она всегда болеет, а он всегда здоров
  - 2) *имеющие уступительное значение* хотя, несмотря на то, что  
whereas it is dangerous to draw conclusions, one cannot avoid being struck with some changes - хотя опасно делать выводы, но некоторые изменения не могут не вызвать удивления
2. *в преамбулах договоров, соглашений, законов и т. п.* принимая во внимание

**whereas**

Oxford Advanced Learners Dictionary 8th Ed.

**where-as** *AW* [whereas] *BrE* [ˌweə'ræz] *AmE* [ˌwer'æz] *conj*

1. used to compare or contrast two facts
  - Some of the studies show positive results, whereas others do not.
  - We thought she was arrogant, whereas in fact she was just very shy.
2. (*law*) used at the beginning of a sentence in an official document to mean 'because of the fact that...'

Language Bank:

**contrast**

*Highlighting differences*

- This survey **highlights a number of differences in** the way that teenage boys and girls in the UK spend their free time.
- One of the main differences between** the girls **and** the boys who took part in the research was the way in which they use the Internet.
- Unlike** the girls, who use the Internet mainly to keep in touch with friends, the boys questioned in this survey tend to use the Internet for playing computer games.
- The girls **differ from** the boys **in that** they tend to spend more time keeping in touch with friends on the telephone or on social networking websites.
- Compared to** the boys, the girls spend much more time chatting to friends on the telephone.
- On average the girls spend four hours a week chatting to friends on the phone. **In contrast**, very few of the boys spend more than five minutes a day talking to their friends in this way.
- The boys prefer competitive sports and computer games, **whereas** / **while** the girls seem to enjoy more cooperative activities, such as shopping with friends.
- When the girls go shopping, they mainly buy clothes and cosmetics. The boys, **on the other hand**, tend to purchase computer games or gadgets.

Language Banks at ↑generally, ↑illustrate, ↑proportion, ↑similarly, ↑surprising

**whereas**

Longman DOCE 5th Ed. (En-En)

**where-as** *S2 W2 AC* /weə'ræz \$ wer-/ *BrE* *AmE* *conj*

1. *formal* used to say that although something is true of one thing, it is not true of another:
  - The old system was fairly complicated whereas the new system is really very simple.
  - Whereas the city spent over \$1 billion on its museums and stadium, it failed to look after its schools.
2. *law* used at the beginning of an official document to mean 'because of a particular fact'

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**THESAURUS**

- **but** *conjunction* used when linking two words or phrases that seem opposite or very different in meaning. Don't use **but** at the beginning of a sentence in written English: The plant's leaves are big, but its flowers are quite small. | Her books are fascinating but often rather disturbing. | Many French dishes are basically simple, but they can take a long time to prepare. | Most of us value human life, but some people think of animals as being equally important.
- **although** *conjunction* used when contrasting one clause with another in the same sentence: Although you are in the middle of the city, you feel as if you are in the countryside. | The windmill is still in good working order, although it has not been used since the 1950s. | I enjoyed German although I wasn't very good at it. | Although lack of sleep causes some problems, it has a relatively small effect on performance at work.
- **however** *conjunction* used when saying something that seems different or surprising after your previous statement. It is usually used in the middle of a sentence, separated from the rest of the sentence by commas. It can also come at the beginning: Jack and his family managed to escape before the soldiers arrived. Other families in the village, however, were less lucky. | Their economy was incredibly successful in the 1980s. Since then, however, there has been a big rise in unemployment. | The town is a long way from the nearest big city. However, there is a good bus service. | He began his academic career as a mathematician. However, his main achievements were in the field of nuclear physics.
- **nevertheless/nonetheless** *conjunction* used when saying something that seems different or surprising after your previous statement. It is used at the beginning or end of a sentence: A series of studies 20 years ago suggested that there was a link between watching violent films and violent behaviour. Nevertheless, the results remain highly controversial. | It was certainly a terrible accident. Nevertheless, air travel is still the safest form of transport. | The weather turned bad early in the day, but the festival was a great success nonetheless. | It was very hard digging in the dry ground, but the work was satisfying nevertheless.

- **whereas** /weər'æz/ /while *conjunction* used when making comparisons and saying that something is true of one person, thing, or situation, but it is different for another. They are used when contrasting one clause with another in the same sentence: Taxes make up 62% of the price of a litre of petrol in France, whereas in Britain, the tax is 75%. | Some people visit their doctor once every few weeks, while others may not visit a doctor for several years. | Whereas in most of the world they drive on the right, in the UK and Japan they drive on the left.

- **by contrast** *formal* used when making comparisons and saying that a person, thing, or situation is very different from the one you have just mentioned. It is used when referring back to the previous sentence: The surface temperature on Venus is higher than the boiling point of water. Mars, by contrast, is very cold. | A report by the FBI shows that 26% of female murder victims in 1995 were killed by their husbands or boyfriends. By contrast, only 3% of male victims were killed by their wives or girlfriends.

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## whereas

Freakuency Pack

12500 **1515**<sup>MCW</sup>

15000 **2349**<sup>COCA</sup>

RANGE: **2k** **WHEREAS** 13261

whereas 13261

COCA 500k Unlemmatized

8556 **3156**<sup>13261</sup> **CS**

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