

## 1. [du:] *n* (pl *dos, do's* [du:z])

1. **разг.** обман, мошенничество, надувательство; «розыгрыш»

nothing but a do - форменнонадувательство

the scheme was a do from the start - план с самого начала был сплошной липой

2. **разг.** развлечение, веселье; вечер

we've got a do tonight - у нас сегодня вечер

to take part in a big do - провести вечер в большой весёлой компании

3. **разг.**

1) сделка

2) участие, доля

fair do's /dos/! - всем поровну!

that's not fair do's - это несправедливо, доли неравные

4. **австрал. разг.** удача, успех

5. **разг.** обслуживание

one gets a poor do at this hotel - в этой гостинице плохо обслуживают

◇ do's /dos/ and don'ts - а) правила, нормы; the dos and don'ts of polite manners - правила поведения /хорошего тона/, этикет; he's in one of his do's - на него нашло; б) предписания и запреты

a diet with numerous dos and don'ts - диета с многочисленными предписаниями и запретами

## 2. [du: (полная форма); dʌ, də, d (редуцированные формы)] *v* (*did, done*; 3-е л. ед. ч. наст. вр. *does*)

1. 1) делать, производить действие

what are you doing? - что вы делаете?

I shall do nothing of the sort - ничего подобного я делать не стану

he has done much for me - он много сделал для меня; он мне оказал большую услугу

what can I do for you?, can I do anything for you? - чем я могу быть вам полезен?, что я могу сделать для вас?

do as you are told - делайте, что вам велют /как вам говорят/

what shall I do next? - что мне делать дальше?

he did a funny thing - он странно себя повёл

there's nothing to be done - делать нечего, ничего не поделаешь

it can't be done! - это невозможно /немыслимо!

he won't do anything to you - он не сделает тебе ничего плохого, он не обидит тебя

what is to be done? - что же делать?, что можно (в данном случае) сделать?

what is to do? - **прост.** а) что же делать?; б) в чём дело?

she could do nothing but cry - она только и могла что плакать

it was all I could do to lift the box - мне едва удалось поднять коробку

do what we would the boat was slowly sinking - несмотря на наши усилия, лодка продолжала медленно погружаться

she didn't know what to do with herself - она не знала, куда ей себя девать /чем ей себя занять/

he didn't know what to do with his hands - он не знал, куда девать свои руки; он был ужасно неловок

2) делаться, происходить

there's nothing doing - а) ничего особенного не происходит; б) дела идут неважно

what's the weather doing? - как там погода?

he came to see what was doing - **прост.** он пришёл посмотреть, что делается /происходит/

3) поступать, делать

to do well - поступать хорошо [**ср. тж.** II Б 1]

you did well to refuse his invitation - вы правильно /хорошо/ сделали /поступили/, что не приняли его приглашения

to do right [wrong] - поступать правильно [неправильно]

what are you going to do about it? - как вы думаете в этом случае поступить?

that's not done, those things are not done - так не поступают

that's quite commonly done - в этом поступке нет ничего необычного; так все поступают

how could you do such a thing? - как вы могли сделать такое?

by so doing /by doing so/ you will save a lot of money - (поступив) таким образом вы сэкономяте уйму денег

4) заниматься (чем-л.); работать

what does he do? - чем он занимается?

what does he do for a living? - чем он зарабатываетна жизнь?, чем он занимается?

it gives him something to do - это (как-то) заполняет его время

I have nothing to do - мне нечего делать; мне нечем заняться

are you doing anything tomorrow? - у вас есть какие-нибудь планы /дела/ на завтра?, вы заняты завтра?

what is there to do? - что нужно сделать?, какие есть дела?

get yourself something to do - найди себе какое-нибудь дело, займись чем-нибудь

he's building a summer house for something to do - он строит себе летний домик от нечего делать

5) обслуживать (кого-л.); заниматься (клиентом и т. п.)

how much do they do you for here? - какова здесь стоимость обслуживания?

I'll do you next, madam - через минуту я займусь вами, мадам; вы у меня следующая на очереди, мадам

2. 1) осуществлять, выполнять; делать, проделывать

to do one's work [one's duty, one's task, **уст.** smb.'s bidding] - выполнять работу [долг, задачу, чью-л. просьбу]

to do odd jobs - выполнять случайную работу, жить случайным заработком

to do smb.'s will - исполнить чью-л. волю

the amount of work he has done is amazing - просто удивительно, какую он проделал огромную работу  
to do one's best /one's utmost, all one can, everything in one's power/ - сделать всё возможное, не жалеть сил

## 2) творить, делать

to do miracles /wonders/ - творить чудеса

to do mischief - натворить дел

to do good - творить добро [см. тж. II A 1, 1)]

to do a good deed - сделать доброе дело

## 3. 1) (часто с for) годиться, подходить; быть достаточным

this room will do for the office - эта комната подойдет под контору

one blanket did for three men - им хватало одного одеяла на троих

he has enough money to do him till the end of the year - этих денег ему хватит до конца года

that will do - а) это подойдет; б) этого достаточно

that will not do - а) это не подойдет; б) так не выйдет, так не годится

that will not do (for) me - это мне не подходит, это меня не устраивает

that will never do - это совершенно недопустимо, это никуда не годится

it would never do for you to see them - не годится /не следует/ вам встречаться с ними

will that do? - а) это годится?; б) этого хватит?

will these shoes do you? - такие башмаки вас устроят /вам подойдут/?

that would hardly do - а) вряд ли этого хватит, б) это вряд ли уместно

I will make it do - я обойдусь (этим)

she made her old dress do another season - она подправила старое платье и проносила его ещё сезон

## 2) (with, without) довольствоваться, обходиться

he does with very little food - он очень мало ест

you must make do with what you have - нужно обходиться тем, что есть

to be just able to make do - иметь скромный достаток, кое-как сводить концы с концами

how many can you do with? - сколько вам нужно?

I think I can do with six - думаю, что шести хватит

can he do without cigarettes? - он может обойтись без сигарет?

I could do without him - я бы мог обойтись без него

## 4. разг.

### 1) обманывать, надуть

I am afraid you have been done - боюсь, что вас обманули

he did me over that - в этом он меня надул

### 2) (out of) обманом отбирать, выживать

to do smb. out of a job - подсадить кого-л.

he's done me out of a thousand pounds - он нагрел меня на тысячу фунтов

I've been done out of my money - ≅ плакали мои денежки

## II A

### 1. 1) приносить (пользу и т. п.)

to do good - приносить пользу [см. тж. I 2]

to do much good - быть очень полезным; приводить к (очень) хорошим результатам

a long walk will do you good - длительная прогулка пойдет вам на пользу

that won't do any good - от этого толку не будет

did the medicine do you any good? - вам помогло (это) лекарство?

try what kind words will do - попробуйте подействовать добрым словом

let's see what a bit of flattery will do - посмотрим, что даст небольшая доза лести /чего можно добиться небольшой дозой лести/

### 2) причинять (ущерб и т. п.)

to do harm - причинять вред

what harm is he doing you? - чем он вам мешает?

### 3) оказывать (услугу и т. п.)

to do (smb.) a favour [a kindness] - оказать (кому-л.) услугу [любезность]

will you do me a favour? - не окажете ли вы мне услугу?, могу ли я попросить вас об одной услуге?

to do smb. a good [a bad] turn - оказать кому-л. хорошую [плохую] услугу

to do honour - оказывать честь /внимание/

### 4) воздавать (должное и т. п.)

to do justice - а) воздать должное; оценить по заслугам; that photograph does not do you justice - в жизни вы лучше, чем на этой фотографии б) справедливости ради; to do him justice he is no fool - справедливости ради надо сказать, что он совсем не глуп

to do smb. an injustice - несправедливо относиться к кому-л.; обижать кого-л.

### 5) делать (честь и т. п.)

to do credit - делать честь

we'll do you credit - вы сможете нами гордиться

### 2. 1) заниматься (какой-л. деятельностью или каким-л. делом)

to do lecturing [painting, gardening] - заниматься чтением лекций [живописью, садоводством]

I have done enough reading for today - сегодня я читал достаточно

he did all the talking at lunch - за ленчем только он один и говорил

you'll let me do the thinking - разрешите мне самому обдумать всё

to do one's correspondence - вести переписку

to do repairs - заниматься починкой (автомобилей и т. п.)

to do one's military service - проходить воинскую службу, служить (в армии)  
2) выполнять функции (*кого-л.*); выступать (*в каком-л. качестве*)  
who will do the interpreter? - кто возьмёт на себя роль переводчика?  
he does the host admirably - он замечательно выполняет роль хозяина, он отлично справляется с ролью хозяина

3) стараться быть *или* выглядеть (*каким-л.*), усердствовать в (*какой-л.*) роли

to do the agreeable - стараться всем угодить  
to do the grand - строить из себя персону  
to do the polite - быть сверхвежливым

4) изучать (*какую-л. дисциплину*)

he is doing medicine - он изучает медицину  
I can't do Latin - латынь мне не даётся  
is he doing German at school? - он занимается в школе немецким?  
to do a book - проработать *или* прорецензировать книгу [см. тж. 5)]

5) писать (*статьи и т.*)

to do articles for a magazine - писать статьи для журнала, сотрудничать в журнале  
he did an article on medicine - он написал статью по медицине  
to do a book - написать книгу [см. тж. 4)]

6) писать (*портрет и т. п.*)

he is doing my son's portrait - он пишет портрет моего сына

7) решать (*задачи и т. п.*)

to do a sum /a problem/ - решать арифметическую задачу

3. 1) делать (*упражнение, фигуру и т. п.*)

2) играть, исполнять (*роль или музыкальное произведение*)

to do a concerto - исполнить концерт  
he does Hamlet very well - он очень хорошо играет (роль) Гамлета

4. убирать (*помещение и т. п.*); приводить в порядок (*волосы, платье и т. п.*)

to do the room - убирать комнату  
to do the beds - застелить кровати  
to do the windows [the dishes] - мыть окна [посуду]  
to do one's hair - причесаться; сделать причёску  
to do one's face - попудриться, накраситься, сделать макияж; ≅ привести в порядок лицо

5. готовить, готовить (*пищу*); жарить, тушить *и т. п.*

do the beets with vinegar - приготовьте свёклу с уксусом  
I like my meat very well done - я люблю, когда мясо хорошо прожарено  
is the meat done yet? - мясо уже готово?  
to do smth. brown - поджарить что-л., подрумянить что-л.  
done to a turn - отлично прожаренный, поджаренный как надо

6. *разг.* осматривать (*достопримечательности*)

to do a museum [a picture gallery, a town, (the) sights] - осматривать музей [картинную галерею, город, достопримечательности]  
you can't do Moscow in a day - нельзя познакомиться с Москвой за один день

7. покрывать, проезжать, проходить (*определённое расстояние*)

we did the journey in five hours - мы проделали весь путь за пять часов  
he can do the distance in an hour - он может пройти *или* проехать это расстояние за час  
the car was doing 60 miles - машина шла со скоростью 60 миль в час

8. отбывать (*срок наказания и т. п.*)

he is doing a ten-year term - он отбывает десятилетний срок тюремного заключения  
he did ten years - *разг.* он отсидел десять лет

9. *ком.*

1) продавать, поставлять (*по определённой цене*)

they can do you this at £5 a piece - они могут продать /поставить/ вам этот товар по 5 фунтов за штуку

2) погасить (*вексель*)

3) оплатить (*чек*)

II Б

1. *to do /to be doing/ well, splendidly, etc разг.* [ср. тж. I 1]

1) процветать, преуспевать

he is doing well now - а) у него сейчас хорошо идут дела; б) он сейчас хорошо зарабатывает  
both sisters have done splendidly - обе сестры прекрасно устроились  
vines do well on hillsides - виноградники хорошо растут на склонах гор  
the wheat is doing well - пшеница уродилась хорошая

2) поправляться; чувствовать себя хорошо

the patient is doing well now - больной поправляется; больной теперь чувствует себя хорошо  
is the baby doing well? - хорошо ли растёт /развивается/ малыш?

3) успешно справляться (*с чем-л.*); хорошо проявлять себя (*в чём-л.*)

the speaker did well - оратор произвёл хорошее впечатление  
he did very well today - а) сегодня он показал себя с очень хорошей стороны; б) сегодня он справился (с делом) очень хорошо

he did brilliantly at his examination on - блестяще сдал экзамен

2. *to do /to be doing/ badly, poorly, etc* ≅ дела идут плохо

he did poorly at his examination - он плохо сдал экзамен, он провалил экзамен

how did he do at the exhibition? - как у него дела на выставке?, как были приняты на выставке его работы?

3. **to do smb. well /handsomely, etc/ разг.** хорошо принимать, угощать, обслуживать кого-л.

he will certainly do you well - он, конечно, очень хорошо примет вас

they do you very well at that hotel - в этой гостинице очень хорошее обслуживание

to do smb. proud - угостить кого-л. на славу

to do oneself well /proud/ - доставить себе удовольствие; не отказывать себе ни в чём, роскошествовать

cigars! your friend does himself well - ещё и сигары! да, ваш друг ни в чём себе не отказывает

4. **to do somehow by (книжн. to, unto) smb.** обращаться /обходиться/ как-л. с кем-л., относиться как-л. к кому-л.

he complained that he has been hard done by - он жаловался, что с ним плохо обошлись /что с ним плохо поступили/

do as you would be done by - поступай с другими так, как ты хотел бы, чтобы поступали с тобой

5. **to be /to have/ done (with) разг.** кончать, заканчивать, завершать

we are done - мы кончили

one more point and I have/am/ done - ещё один пункт, и я кончаю

the day is done - день прошёл

that's all over and done with - с этим всё кончено

have done (with) crying! - перестань(те) плакать!

have done with compliments! - довольно комплиментов!

I have done with politics - я оставил политику, я больше не занимаюсь политикой

will he never have done? - кончит он наконец?

be done!, have done! - хватит!, кончай!

have you done supper? - ты кончил ужинать?

6. **to have done (with) smb. разг.** покончить, разделаться с кем-л.; победить кого-л.

he has done with her - он с ней порвал

I haven't done with him yet - я ещё с ним не рассчитался /не расквитался/

that's done you! - попался!

7. **to do for smb., smth., часто р. р., разг.**

1) губить

to do for a rival - разделаться с соперником /с конкурентом/

another stroke would do for him - ещё один удар - и ему конец, он не перенесёт второго удара

we're done for! - мы погибли!

but for you, I'd have been done for - если бы не ты, мне была бы крышка

2) портить, приводить в негодность

if such a thing is broken it is done for - если такая вещь сломалась, она уже ни на что не годна

I am afraid these shoes are done for - боюсь, что этим ботинкам пришёл конец

8. **to do for smb.** заботиться о ком-л.; ухаживать за кем-л.; вести чьё-л. хозяйство; быть приходящей прислугой у кого-л.

who does for you? - кто у вас занимается хозяйством?; кто за вами ухаживает?

she does for Mr. Brown - она ведёт хозяйство у г-на Брауна; она приходит убирать к г-ну Брауну

to do for oneself - обходиться без прислуги

9. **to do (a text, etc) into another language** перевести (текст *и т. п.*) на другой язык

to do an article into English [into French] - перевести статью на английский [на французский] язык

done in French - составлен на французском языке (*об официальном документе*)

10. 1) **can /could/ do with smth.** не помешало бы, не повредило бы, хотелось бы

I could /can/ do with a cup of tea - я не отказался бы от чашки чая

he could do with a shave - ему не мешало бы побриться

I could do with a good rest - хотелось бы хорошенько отдохнуть

2) **cannot /could not/ do with smth.** не терпеть, не мириться, не выносить

I cannot do with any noise - я не выношу ни малейшего шума

I can't do with his insolence - я не переношу его наглости

III A

1. **в сочетании с рядом существительных обозначает действия, названные существительным:**

to do a battle - сражаться

to do a bust - ворваться (куда-л.)

2. **употребляется для усиления**

1) **при глаголе:**

I do believe you! - ну конечно, я вам верю!

you do play the piano well! - как хорошо вы играете на рояле!

I do think you ought to go there - я убеждён, что вам следует поехать /пойти/ туда

that's just what people did say - это как раз то /именно то/, что говорили (люди)

he never did come - он так и не пришёл

did we talk! - ох и поговорили же мы!; уж мы поговорили всласть

well do I remember it - уж это-то я помню очень хорошо!

little did he think then that ... - тогда ему и в голову не приходило, что ...

do help me! - ну помоги же мне!

do be quiet! - ну замолчи же!

do go! - знаешь, уйди!; послушай, уйди!

do come! - очень прошу тебя, приходи!

2) **в (инвертированных) оборотах с тавтологическим подлежащим:**

he likes to find fault, does the doctor - уж и любит этот доктор придирааться

he needs to be taught manners, he does! - его обязательно надо научить, как себя вести!

3. **употребляется во избежание повторения глагола:**

why act as you do? - зачем поступать так, как вы поступаете?  
who took that? - I did - кто взял это? - Я (взял)  
I (don't) like coffee, do you? - я (не) люблю кофе, а вы?  
you didn't see him, nor did I - вы его не видели, и я тоже  
I don't like being interrupted. - Who does? - не люблю, когда меня прерывают. - А кто любит?  
they travel a good deal. - Do they? - они много путешествуют - Неужели /Разве/?

### III Б

#### вспомогательный глагол

1) *служит для образования вопросительной и отрицательной форм настоящего и прошедшего времени:*

do you speak English? - Yes, I do - вы говорите по-английски? - Да  
does he know it? - No, he doesn't - он знает это? - Нет

2) *служит для образования отрицательной формы повелительного наклонения:*

don't do it! - не делай этого!  
do not speak! - не говори!, молчи!  
don't be afraid! - не бойся!  
don't be silly! - не глупи!  
don't! - перестань!



to have to do with smth. - заниматься чем-л.; иметь своим предметом что-л.  
philosophy has to do with all aspects of life - философия изучает жизнь во всех её аспектах  
to have smth. to do with smb. [smth.] - иметь отношение к кому-л. [к чему-л.]  
I'm sure he has something to do with it - я уверен, что без него здесь не обошлось /что он приложил к этому руку/  
have you anything to do with it? - вы имеете к этому отношение?  
this has little to do with art - это имеет (весьма) отдалённое отношение к искусству  
envy has a lot to do with it - зависть имеет к этому прямое отношение  
how do you do? - а) здравствуйте, добрый день *и т. п.* (формула приветствия при встрече); б) как дела?, как поживаете?; в) приятно /рад, рада/ познакомиться, очень приятно (формула приветствия в момент представления или знакомства)  
done (with you)! - ладно!, по рукам!, договорились!, идёт!  
do tell! - неужели?, да ну?!  
to do and /or/ die -  $\cong$  победить или умереть  
to do smb.'s business /the job/ for smb. - погубить кого-л.  
to do a dry - *театр. жарг.* забыть текст  
to do a guy - *сл.* прогуливать  
to do the trick - добиться, достигнуть цели  
that'll do the trick - это решит дело  
to do dirt to smb., to do the dirty on smb. - *сл.* сыграть плохую шутку с кем-л.  
to do smb. to death - а) убить, прикончить кого-л.; б) заездить, затаскать кого-л.  
to do smb. up brown, to do smb. in the eye - *сл.* нагло обманывать, дурачить кого-л.  
done to the wide /to the world/ - конченный, потерпевший полную неудачу; побеждённый  
well done! - браво! молодец!, здорово!  
well begun is half done - *посл.* хорошее начало полдела откачало  
what is done cannot be undone - *посл.* сделанного не воротишь  
when in Rome do as the Romans do - *посл.*  $\cong$  в чужой стране жить - чужой обычай любить; в чужой монастырь со своим уставом не ходят

### II

[dəv] *муз.*  
до (в сольмизации)

### II

[du:] *сокр. om ditto I 1*

### do

Oxford Advanced Learners Dictionary 8th Ed.

**do** 1 [do does did doing done] *verb, auxiliary verb, noun* BrE [də]<sup>\*</sup> NAmE [dɔ]<sup>\*</sup> BrE [du]<sup>\*</sup> NAmE [du]<sup>\*</sup> BrE strong form [du:]<sup>\*</sup> AmE strong form [du:]<sup>\*</sup>  
» irregular verbs  
see also ↑do<sup>2</sup>

*verb*

### ACTION

**1. transitive ~ sth** used to refer to actions that you do not mention by name or do not know about

- What are you doing this evening?
- We will do what we can to help.
- Are you doing anything tomorrow evening?
- The company ought to do something about the poor service.
- What have you done to your hair?
- There's **nothing to do** (= no means of passing the time in an enjoyable way) in this place.
- There's **nothing we can do** about it (= we can't change the situation) .
- **What can I do for you** (= how can I help) ?

## BEHAVE

2. **intransitive** to act or behave in the way mentioned

- ~ **as...** Do as you're told!
- They are free to do as they please.
- + **adv./prep.** You **would do well to** (= I advise you to) consider all the options before buying.

## SUCCEED/PROGRESS

3. **intransitive + adv./prep.** used to ask or talk about the success or progress of sb/sth

- How is the business doing?
- She **did well** out of (= made a big profit from) the deal.
- He's **doing very well** at school (= his work is good) .
- Both mother and baby are **doing well** (= after the birth of the baby) .
- (informal) **How are you doing** (= how are you) ?

## TASK/ACTIVITY

4. **transitive ~ sth** to work at or perform an activity or a task

- I'm doing some research on the subject.
- I have a number of things to do today.
- I do aerobics once a week.
- Let's do (= meet for) lunch.
- (informal) Sorry. I don't do funny (= I can't be funny) .

5. **transitive ~ sth** used with nouns to talk about tasks such as cleaning, washing, arranging, etc.

- to do (= wash) the dishes
- to do (= arrange) the flowers
- I like the way you've done your hair.

6. **transitive** to perform the activity or task mentioned ~ **the ironing, cooking, shopping, etc.**

- I like listening to the radio when I'm doing the ironing.
- ~ **some, a little, etc. acting, writing, etc.** She did a lot of acting when she was at college.

## JOB

7. **transitive ~ sth** (usually used in questions) to work at sth as a job

- **What do you do** (= what is your job) ?
- What does she want to do when she leaves school?
- What did she **do for a living** ?
- What's Tom doing these days?

## STUDY

8. **transitive ~ sth** to learn or study sth

- I'm doing physics, biology and chemistry.
- Have you done any (= studied anything by) Keats?

## SOLVE

9. **transitive ~ sth** to find the answer to sth; to solve sth

- I can't do this sum.
- Are you good at doing crosswords?

## MAKE

10. **transitive** to produce or make sth

- ~ **sth to do a drawing/painting/sketch**
- Does this pub do (= provide) lunches?
- Who's doing (= organizing and preparing) the food for the wedding reception?
- ~ **sth for sb** I'll do a copy for you.
- ~ **sb sth** I'll do you a copy.

## PERFORM

11. **transitive ~ sth** to perform or produce a play, an <sup>↑</sup>opera, etc

- The local dramatic society is doing 'Hamlet' next month.

## COPY SB

12. **transitive ~ sb/sth** to copy sb's behaviour or the way sb speaks, sings, etc, especially in order to make people laugh

- He does a great Elvis Presley.
- Can you do a Welsh accent?

## FINISH

13. **intransitive, transitive** to finish sth **have/be done**

- Sit there and wait till I've done.
- **have/be done doing sth** I've done talking— let's get started.
- **get sth done** Did you get your article done in time?

## TRAVEL

### 14. transitive ~ sth to travel a particular distance

- How many miles did you do during your tour?
- My car does 40 miles to the gallon (= uses one gallon of petrol/gas to travel 40 miles) .

### 15. transitive ~ sth to complete a journey/trip

- We did the round trip in two hours.

## SPEED

### 16. transitive ~ sth to travel at or reach a particular speed

- The car was doing 90 miles an hour.

## VISIT

### 17. transitive ~ sth (informal) to visit a place as a tourist

- We did Tokyo in three days.

## SPEND TIME

### 18. transitive ~ sth to spend a period of time doing sth

- She did a year at college, but then dropped out.
- He did six years (= in prison) for armed robbery.

## DEAL WITH

### 19. transitive ~ sb/sth to deal with or attend to sb/sth

- The hairdresser said she could do me (= cut my hair) at three.

## BE SUITABLE/ENOUGH

### 20. intransitive, transitive to be suitable or be enough for sb/sth

- 'Can you lend me some money?' 'Sure— **will** \$20 **do** ?'
- ~ **for sb/sth** These shoes **won't do** for the party.
- ~ **as sth** The box will **do fine as** a table.
- ~ **sb (+ adv./prep.)** (especially BrE) This room **will do me** nicely, thank you (= it has everything I need) .

## COOK

### 21. transitive ~ sth to cook sth

- How would you like your steak done?

## CHEAT

### 22. transitive, usually passive ~ sb (BrE, informal) to cheat sb

- This isn't a genuine antique— you've been done.

## PUNISH

### 23. transitive ~ sb (for sth) (BrE, informal) to punish sb

- They did him for tax evasion.
- She **got done** for speeding.

## STEAL

### 24. transitive ~ sth (informal) to steal from a place

- The gang did a warehouse and a supermarket.

## TAKE DRUGS

### 25. transitive ~ sth (informal) to take an illegal drug

- He doesn't smoke, drink or **do drugs** .

## HAVE SEX

### 26. transitive ~ it (slang) to have sex

**Rem:** Most idioms containing do are at the entries for the nouns and adjectives in the idioms, for example do a bunk is at bunk.

Verb forms:

verb forms	
present simple	
I / you / we /they	do
	BrE /du:z/
	NAme /du:z/
he / she /it	does
	BrE /dɒz/
	NAme /dɒz/
past simple, past participle	did
	BrE /dɪd/
	NAme /dɪd/
-ing form	doing
	BrE /'du:ɪŋ/
	NAme /'du:ɪŋ/

Word Origin:

1 Old English *dōn*, of Germanic origin; related to Dutch *doen* and German *tun*, from an Indo-European root shared by Greek *tithēmi* 'I place' and Latin *facere* 'make, do'.

### Thesaurus:

**do** verb

1. T

- They did an experiment to see if it would work.

**carry sth out** • **commit** • **go through sth** • **perform** • |formal **conduct** • • **undertake** • • **implement** • |BrE, formal **practise** • |AmE, formal **practice** •

do/carry out/perform/conduct/undertake the/a/an **work/activity/analysis/investigation/review/assessment**

do/carry out/go through/perform a **manoeuvre**

do/carry out/implement a **plan/policy/strategy**

2. I (always used with an adverb or preposition) (especially spoken)

- He's doing very well at school.

**perform** • |BrE **get on/along** • |especially spoken **go** • |especially written **fare** •

do/perform/get on/go/fare **well**

do/perform/go **brilliantly/excellently/badly**

do/perform/fare **poorly**

**Do or go? Do** is used to talk about the progress or success of either a person or a thing, especially how popular or profitable a business is; **go** is only used about things, especially experiences such as an **interview**, a **test** or **life** in general.

3. T (especially spoken)

- She did a drawing of a house.

**make** • • **create** • • **produce** •

do/make/create/produce a **drawing/painting**

do/make/produce a **sketch/copy**

### Synonyms:

**make**

do • create • develop • produce • generate • form

These words all mean to make sth from parts or materials, or to cause sth to exist or happen.

**make** • to create or prepare sth by combining materials or putting parts together; to cause sth to exist or happen: ▫ She makes her own clothes. ◇ ▫ She ▫ made a good impression ▫ on the interviewer.

**do** • (rather informal) to make or prepare sth, especially sth artistic or sth to eat: ▫ He did a beautiful drawing of a house. ◇ ▫

Who's doing the food for the party?

**create** • to make sth exist or happen, especially sth new that did not exist before: ▫ Scientists disagree about how the universe was created.

**make or create?**

**Make** is a more general word and is more often used for physical things: you would usually **make a table/dress/cake** but **create jobs/wealth**. You can use **create** for sth physical in order to emphasize how original or unusual the object is: ▫ Try this new dish, created by our head chef.

**develop** • (used especially in business contexts) to think of and produce a new product: ▫ to develop new software

**produce** • to make things to be sold; to create sth using skill: ▫ a factory that produces microchips

**generate** • to produce or create sth, especially power, money or ideas: ▫ to generate electricity ◇ ▫ Brainstorming is a good way of generating ideas.

**form** • [often passive] to make sth from sth else; to make sth into sth else: ▫ Rearrange the letters to form a new word. ◇ ▫ The chain is formed from 136 links.

to make/create/develop/produce/generate/form sth **from/out of** sth

to make/form sth **into** sth

to make/produce **wine**

to create/develop a **new product**

to create/produce/generate **income/profits/wealth**

to produce/generate **electricity/heat/power**

### Vocabulary Building:

**Household jobs: do or make?**

To talk about jobs in the home you can use such phrases as wash the dishes, clean the kitchen floor, set the table, etc. In conversation the verb do is often used instead: ▫ Let me do the dishes. ◇ ▫ Michael said he would do the kitchen floor. ◇ ▫ It's your turn to do the table. Do is often used with nouns ending -ing: ▫ to do the shopping/cleaning/ironing/vacuuming.

The verb make is used especially in the phrase make the beds and when you are talking about preparing or cooking food: ▫ He makes a great lasagne. ◇ ▫ I'll make breakfast while you're having a shower. You can also say get, get ready and, especially in

**NAme**, fix for preparing meals: ▫ Can you get dinner while I put the kids to bed? ◇ ▫ Sit down — I'll fix supper for you.

### Example Bank:

- Both mother and baby are doing well.
- Do as you're told!
- Do whatever you like.
- Does this pub do lunches?
- Have you done any Keats?
- He did a beautiful drawing of a house.



- He doesn't smoke, drink or do drugs.
- He's doing very well at school.
- How many miles did you do yesterday?
- I can't do this sum.
- I like listening to the radio when I'm doing the ironing.
- I like the way you've done your hair.
- I'll do a copy for you.
- I'm doing physics, chemistry and biology.
- I'm doing some research on the subject.
- Just do what they tell you to do.
- Let's do lunch.
- My car does 40 miles to the gallon.
- She did well out of the deal.
- Sorry. I don't do funny
- There's nothing to do in this place.
- There's nothing we can do about it.
- We did the round trip in under three hours.
- What can I do for you?
- What did she do for a living?
- Who's doing the flowers for the wedding?
- You could help me by doing the dishes.

Idioms: ↑dos and don'ts ▪ have something/nothing/a lot to do with somebody ▪ ↑it won't do ▪ ↑no you don't ▪ ↑not do a lot for somebody ▪ ↑nothing doing ▪ ↑that does it ▪ ↑that will do ▪ ↑that's done it ▪ to do with somebody ▪ ↑what do you do for something? ▪ ↑what is somebody doing ...?

Derived ↑do away with somebody ▪ ↑do away with something ▪ ↑do for somebody ▪ ↑do somebody down ▪ ↑do somebody in ▪ ↑do somebody out of something ▪ ↑do somebody over ▪ ↑do something in ▪ ↑do something over ▪ ↑do something up ▪ ↑do something with somebody ▪ ↑do up ▪ ↑do without ▪ ↑do yourself up

auxiliary verb (does BrE [dʌz] <sup>m</sup> ; NAmE [dʌz] <sup>m</sup> did BrE [dɪd] <sup>m</sup> ; NAmE [dɪd] <sup>m</sup> done BrE [dʌn] <sup>m</sup> ; NAmE [dʌn] <sup>m</sup> )

- used before a full verb to form negative sentences and questions
  - I don't like fish.
  - They didn't go to Paris.
  - Don't forget to write.
  - Does she speak French?
- used to make ↑question tags (= short questions at the end of statements)
  - You live in New York, don't you?
  - She doesn't work here, does she?
- used to avoid repeating a full verb
  - He plays better than he did a year ago.
  - She works harder than he does.
  - 'Who won?' 'I did.'
  - 'I love peaches.' 'So do I.'
  - 'I don't want to go back.' 'Neither do I.'
- used when no other auxiliary verb is present, to emphasize what you are saying
  - He does look tired.
  - She did at least write to say thank you.
  - (BrE) Do shut up!
- used to change the order of the subject and verb when an adverb is moved to the front
  - Not only does she speak Spanish, she's also good with computers.

#### Word Origin:

1 Old English dōn, of Germanic origin; related to Dutch **doen** and German **tun**, from an Indo-European root shared by Greek **tithēmi** 'I place' and Latin **facere** 'make, do'.

noun BrE [dʊ] <sup>m</sup> ; NAmE [dʊ] <sup>m</sup> (pl. dos or do's BrE [dʊz] <sup>m</sup> ; NAmE [dʊz] <sup>m</sup> ) (BrE, informal)

a party; a social event

- Are you having a big do for your birthday?

more at fair dos/do's at ↑fair <sub>adj.</sub>

#### Example Bank:

- I suppose we should have a bit of a do to celebrate.
- They're having some special do in London.

See also: ↑do's and don'ts

• II. do 2 [dɒ] BrE [dɒ] <sup>m</sup> NAmE [dɒ] <sup>m</sup> noun

= ↑doh

see also ↑do 1

**do**

I. **do**<sup>1</sup> **S1 W1** /duː BrE " AmE " *auxiliary verb* (past tense **did** /dɪd/, past participle **done** /dʌn/, third person singular **does** /dəz; strong dʌz/)

[Language: Old English; Origin: don]

1.

a) used with another verb to form questions or negatives:

- " Do you like bananas?
- " I don't feel like going out tonight.
- " Ian didn't answer.
- " Where do you live?
- " Doesn't Rosie look wonderful?
- " Don't listen to her!

b) *spoken* used to form ↑question tags (=short questions that you add to the end of statements):

- " You know Tony, don't you?
- " She didn't understand, did she?

2. used instead of repeating a verb that has already been used:

- " 'Will Kay come?' 'She may do.'
- " So now you know as much as I do.
- " 'You forgot all about it.' 'No, I didn't.'
- " 'I want to go home.' 'So do I.'
- " I didn't believe the story and neither did he.

3. used to emphasize the main verb in a sentence:

- " Do be careful.
- " You do look nice in that hat.
- " I do think she's behaved badly.
- " 'You should have warned me.' 'But I did warn you.'
- " He owns, or did own (=emphasizing past tense), a yacht.

4. *spoken* used when politely offering someone something:

- " Do have another sandwich.

II. **do**<sup>2</sup> **S1 W1 BrE " AmE " verb** (past tense **did**, past participle **done**, third person singular **does**)

[Word Family: verb: ↑do, ↑outdo, ↑overdo, ↑redo, ↑undo; noun: ↑deed ≠ ↑misdeed, ↑do, ↑doing; adjective: ↑done, ↑overdone, ↑undone]

1. **ACTION/ACTIVITY** [transitive] to perform an action or activity:

- " Have you done your homework yet?
- " You need to do more exercise.
- " It's a pleasure doing business with you.
- " I didn't know what to do.
- " All he does is sit in front of the television all day.

**do something/nothing/anything etc**

- " We should do something to help him.
- " It all happened so quickly that I couldn't do anything about it.
- " bored teenagers with nothing to do

**do the laundry/ironing/dishes etc**

- " It's your turn to do the dishes.

## REGISTER

In written English, people often use the verb **act** rather than the phrase **do something**, as it sounds more formal:

- " The government needs to act to help these people.

2. **SUCCEED** [intransitive] used to ask or talk about how successful someone is at something

**do well/badly**

- " Students are under considerable pressure to do well.

**how somebody/something is doing (with/in something)**

- " You should get promoted after about a year, depending on how you're doing.
- " How's he doing in trying to give up smoking?

3. **HAVE AN EFFECT** [transitive] to have a particular effect on something or someone:

- " The scandal will do serious damage to his reputation.
- " This will do nothing for (=will not improve) Jamie's confidence.
- " The colour does nothing for her (=does not improve her appearance).
- " Getting the job has done a lot for (=had a good effect on) her self-esteem.
- " A week in the countryside will do you good (=make you feel better).
- " Exercise can do wonders for (=have a very good effect on) body, mind, and spirit.

4. **JOB** [transitive] to have a particular job:

- " What do you want to do after you leave school?
- " What do you do for a living (=as your job)?
- " She's very good at what she does.

5. **ENOUGH/ACCEPTABLE** [intransitive, transitive not in progressive] used to say that something will be enough or be acceptable:

- " We don't have a lot of wine for the party, but it should just about do.
- " I can't find my black shoes so these will have to do.
- " A few sandwiches will do me for lunch.
- " It won't do (=it is not acceptable) to say that the situation couldn't have been avoided.

6. **what somebody will do for something** used to talk about what arrangements someone has made to get something they need:
- What will you do for money if you leave your job?
  - I'm not sure what we'll do for transport yet.
7. **what is somebody/something doing?** *spoken* used to ask why someone or something is in a particular place or doing a particular thing, especially when you are surprised or annoyed by this:
- What's my coat doing on the floor?
  - What are you doing walking around at this time of night?
  - What on earth do you think you're doing?
8. **do your/sb's hair/nails/make-up etc** to do something that improves your appearance or someone else's appearance:
- It must take her ages to do her make-up in the mornings.
  - Who does your hair?
9. **SPEND TIME** [*transitive*] *informal* to spend a period of time doing something:
- She did a year backpacking around the world.
  - Oh yes, I certainly did my time in the army (=spent time in the army).
10. **STUDY** [*transitive not in passive*] *British English* to study a particular subject in a school or university:
- I did French for five years.
11. **COOK** [*transitive*] to cook a particular type of food:
- I was thinking of doing a casserole tonight.
12. **do 10 miles/20 kms etc** to achieve a particular distance, speed etc:
- We did 300 kilometres on the first day.
  - The car can do 120 mph.
13. **PROVIDE A SERVICE** [*transitive*] to provide a particular service or sell a particular product:
- They do interior and exterior design.
  - We don't do food after two o'clock.
14. **PERFORM A PLAY** [*transitive*] to perform a particular play, show etc:
- We did 'Guys and Dolls' last year.
15. **DECORATE** [*transitive*] to paint or decorate a room, house etc:
- How are you going to do your living room?
16. **BEHAVE** [*intransitive*] to behave in a particular way:
- In the evenings students are free to do as they please (=do what they want).
  - I wish you'd do as you're told (=do what you are told to do)!
17. **somebody doesn't do nice/funny/sensible etc** *spoken informal* used humorously to say that someone cannot or does not behave in a particular way:
- Sensible? I don't do sensible.
18. **COPY BEHAVIOUR** [*transitive*] to copy someone's behaviour or the way they talk, especially in order to entertain people:
- He does a brilliant George Bush (=copies him in a very funny way).
19. **do lunch/do a movie etc** *informal* to have lunch, go to see a film etc with someone:
- Let's do lunch next week.
20. **DRUGS** [*transitive*] *informal* to use an illegal drug:
- He says he's never done hard drugs in his life.
21. **VISIT** [*transitive*] to visit a particular place, especially as a tourist:
- Let's do the Eiffel Tower today.
22. **that'll do!** *spoken* used to tell a child to stop behaving badly
23. **that does it!** *spoken* used to say angrily that you will not accept a situation any more:
- Right, that does it! I'm not going to listen to any more of this!
24. **that should do it** (also **that ought to do it**) *spoken* used to say that you will have finished doing something if you just do one more thing:
- I've just got to prepare the dessert and that should do it.
25. **do it** *informal* to have sex – used humorously or when you want to avoid saying the word 'sex'
26. **somebody would do well to do something** used to advise someone that they should do something:
- Most people would do well to reduce the amount of salt in their diet.
27. **PUNISH** [*transitive*] *British English spoken* to punish or attack someone ⇒ **be/get done** at ↑done<sup>2</sup>(8)
28. **DECEIVE** [*transitive*] *British English informal* to deceive or trick someone ⇒ **be done** at ↑done<sup>2</sup>(7)
29. **what's doing ...?** *spoken* used to ask what is happening:
- What's doing at your place tonight?
30. **do or die** used to say that someone is determined to do something very brave or dangerous even if they die attempting it
31. **how (are) you doing?** *spoken* used when you meet someone to ask them if they are well, happy etc:
- Hi Bob, how you doing?
32. **what can I do you for?** *spoken* used humorously to ask someone how you can help them, especially when you are trying to sell them something
33. **do well by somebody** to treat someone well:
- His relations always did pretty well by him.
34. **do one** *spoken informal* used to tell someone who is making you feel upset or angry to go away:
- Oh, just go and do one!
- ⇒ ↑doing, ↑done<sup>2</sup>, ⇒ **do your bit** at ↑bit<sup>2</sup>(8), ⇒ **how do you do** at ↑how(11), ⇒ **nothing doing** at ↑nothing<sup>1</sup>(14), ⇒ **do somebody proud** at ↑proud(5), ⇒ **do something to death** at ↑death(4), ⇒ ↑can-do
- ...

## COLLOCATIONS (for Meaning 1)

### do + NOUN

- **do a job/task** On Saturdays I usually do a few jobs around the house.
- **do some/any/ no etc work** She was feeling too tired to do any work.
- **do the shopping/cleaning/ironing/cooking etc** Who does the cooking in your family?
- **do the housework** (=jobs in your home such as cleaning, washing clothes etc) I've been doing the housework all day.
- **do the dishes** (also **do the washing-up** *British English*) (=wash the plates after a meal) Will anyone help me do the washing-up?
- **do the laundry** (also **do the washing** *British English*) (=wash dirty clothes) Ellie was doing the washing.
- **do your homework** My parents don't let me go out unless I've done my homework.
- **do a calculation/sum** (=use numbers to find out a figure, price etc) I did a quick calculation on a piece of paper.
- **do business** (=buy and sell goods, or provide services) The company does a lot of business in China.
- **do something/nothing/anything** He lay on the sofa and did nothing all day.

• • •

## COLLOCATIONS (for Meaning 3)

### do + NOUN

- **do some/any/no good** (=improve a situation) It might do some good if you talk to him about the problem. | The fresh air has done me good.
- **do somebody good** (=make someone feel better)
- **not do (somebody) any harm also do (somebody) no harm** (=not have a bad effect on something or someone) One or two chocolate cookies won't do you any harm.
- **do damage (to something/somebody)** A mistake like that can do a lot of damage to your career.

### phrases

- **do a lot for something** (=have a good effect on something) The new leisure centre has done a lot for the town's image.
- **do nothing for something** (=not have a good effect on something) Being apart for so long did nothing for our relationship.
- **do nothing for somebody** (=used to say that particular clothes, colours etc do not suit someone) I liked the dress but it did nothing for me.
- **do wonders for something** (=have a very good effect on something) A new haircut can do wonders for your self-confidence.
- **do more harm than good** (=used to say that something had a bad effect rather than a good one) I followed his advice but it did more harm than good.

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## THESAURUS

- **do to do something** – used in the following phrases: **do your work/homework etc**: It usually takes me a couple of hours to do my homework. | **do the shopping/cooking/washing etc**: She's gone to the supermarket to do the shopping. | **do a test/experiment/some research**: The doctor did some tests. | Fraser spent some time in Egypt doing some archaeological research. | Scientists are doing research on two types of vaccine. | **do a course**: Have you decided which course you want to do at university?
- **make to do something** – used in the following phrases: **make a speech**: The Prince made a short speech. | **make a comment/suggestion/joke**: Can I make a suggestion? | **make a decision**: The committee will meet to make their final decision. | **make a mistake**: I think someone has made a mistake.
- **give to do something** – used in the following phrases: **give a talk/speech/lecture**: They've asked him to give a talk. | **give a performance**: The band gave a brilliant performance.
- **take to do something** – used in the following phrases: **take a test/exam**: Kate's taking her driving test tomorrow. | **take a bath/shower**: I think I'll go and take a shower. | **take a walk**: Normally, he took a walk in the evenings.
- **commit to do something that is a crime, especially a serious crime**: **commit a crime**: The crime was committed in the early hours of the morning. | **commit a robbery/murder etc**: Dixon later admitted committing the robbery.
- **carry out something to do something** – used in the following phrases: **carry out your work**: The violence is making it difficult for firefighters to carry out their work. | **carry out a task/duty**: He still managed to carry out his duties. | **carry out a survey/test/some research**: The hospital carries out research into skin diseases. | **carry out an operation**: The operation was carried out at a hospital in Paris. | **carry out a threat/promise**: They didn't carry out their threat to kill the hostages. | **carry out sb's orders/instructions/wishes**: I'm sure I can rely on you to carry out my instructions.
- **perform to do something**. **Perform** is more formal than **carry out**, and is used in the following phrases: **perform a task/duty**: The job mostly involves performing administrative tasks. | **perform an operation**: A team of surgeons performed the operation.
- **conduct to do something** – used in the following phrases: **conduct a survey/study/experiment**: They conducted a survey of approximately 2,000 people living in the area. | **conduct an inquiry/investigation**: The police are conducting an investigation into the cause of the fire. | **conduct an interview**: Knowing how to conduct a successful interview is a skill. | **conduct a campaign**: People were unimpressed by the way in which the election campaign was conducted.
- **go about something to do your work or the things that you usually do, especially when something serious has happened**: **go about your work/business**: The next day she went about her business as if nothing had happened.
- **get on with something** *spoken especially British English* to start doing something that you should have started already or to continue doing something that you stopped doing for a short time: I need to get on with my homework.
- **be up to something** *spoken* to be doing something that you think is probably bad, although you do not know exactly what it is: I'm sure they're up to something. | What's Jake up to? He's been upstairs in his room all day.

### do away with somebody/something *phrasal verb*

1. to get rid of something or stop using it:

" People thought that the use of robots would do away with boring low-paid factory jobs.

2. *informal* to kill someone

### do somebody ↔ down *phrasal verb*

to criticize someone, especially in an unfair way:

" I know you don't like him, but there's no need to keep doing him down in front of the boss.

### do for somebody/something *phrasal verb*

**British English informal** to kill someone or harm something or someone very badly:

Working 100 hours a week nearly did for me. ⇒ **be done for** at ↑done<sup>2</sup>(3)

**do somebody in** *phrasal verb informal*

1. to kill someone:

He was planning to do himself in.

2. to make someone feel extremely tired:

That walk really did me in. ⇒ **done in** at ↑done<sup>2</sup>(4)

**do something** ↔ **out** *phrasal verb British English*

1. to make a room look nice by decorating it:

The room was beautifully done out in pastel colours.

2. *informal* to clean a room or cupboard thoroughly

**do somebody out of something** *phrasal verb informal*

to dishonestly stop someone from getting or keeping something, especially something they have a right to have:

Are you trying to do me out of a job?

**do somebody/something over** *phrasal verb*

1. **do something** ↔ **over** *especially American English* to make a place look attractive by decorating it:

The whole apartment had been done over in an Art Deco style.

2. *American English* to do something again, especially because you did it wrong the first time:

If you make too many mistakes, you'll have to do it over.

3. **do something** ↔ **over** *British English spoken informal* to steal things from a building

4. *British English spoken informal* to attack and injure someone

**do up** *phrasal verb*

1. to fasten something, or to be fastened in a particular way

**do something** ↔ **up**

Do up your coat or you'll get cold.

a skirt which does up at the back

2. **do something** ↔ **up** to repair an old building or car, or to improve its appearance:

They did up an old cottage in the Scottish Highlands.

3. **do something** ↔ **up** to decorate something in a particular way:

The apartment was done up in Viennese style.

4. **do something** ↔ **up** to wrap something in paper

5. **do yourself up** to make yourself look neat and attractive:

Sue spent ages doing herself up.

**do with something** *phrasal verb*

1. **could do with something** *spoken* to need or want something:

I could have done with some help this morning.

2. **have/be to do with somebody/something** to be about something, be related to something, or be involved with something:

Their conversation had been largely to do with work.

I'm sorry about the accident, but it's nothing to do with me (=I am not involved in any way).

This question doesn't have anything to do with the main topic of the survey.

I'm sure her problems have something to do with what happened when she was a child.

3. **what to do with yourself** how to spend your time:

She didn't know what to do with herself after she retired.

4. **what somebody should do with something/what to do with something etc** used to ask or talk about how someone should deal with something:

What shall I do with these papers?

I wouldn't know what to do with a newborn baby.

5. **what has somebody done with something?** *spoken* used to ask where someone has put something:

What have you done with the remote for the TV?

6. **what is somebody doing with something?** used to ask why someone has something:

What are you doing with my diary?

7. **I can't be doing with something** *British English spoken* used to say that you are annoyed by something and do not want to have to think about it:

I can't be doing with all this right now.

**do without** *phrasal verb*

1. **do without (something)** to live or do something without a particular thing:

I don't have any sugar so you'll have to do without.

You can do without a carpet but you've got to have somewhere to sit.

2. **can do without something** used to say that something is annoying you or causing you problems:

You can do without all that hassle.

Those are the type of stupid remarks I can do without.

III. **do**<sup>3</sup> *BrE* *AmE* *noun* (plural **dos** or **do's**) [countable]

[Word Family: *verb*: ↑do, ↑outdo, ↑overdo, ↑redo, ↑undo; *noun*: ↑deed ≠ ↑misdeed, ↑do, ↑doing; *adjective*: ↑done, ↑overdone, ↑undone]

1. *informal* a party or other social event:

We're having a do to celebrate his 30th birthday.

2. **dos and don'ts** (also **do's and don'ts**) things that you should and should not do in a particular situation:

The booklet lists the dos and don'ts of caring for dogs.

3. *American English informal* a †hairdo

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- **party** a social event when a lot of people meet together to enjoy themselves by eating, drinking, dancing etc: We're having a party for Sarah's 40th birthday. | I met my boyfriend at a party.
- **get-together** an informal party: Christmas is the perfect time for a family get-together.
- **ball** a large formal party where people dance: the end of term ball
- **rave** a large party which is held outside or in an empty building, where people dance to music and take illegal drugs
- **reception** a large formal party, especially one after a wedding or to welcome an important person: The wedding reception is at a nearby hotel. | a reception for the Thai Foreign Minister | They attended a White House reception to mark the Queen's visit.
- **function** a large formal or official party: He has been asked to play at many corporate functions (=an official party held by a company).
- **celebration** a party or special event that is organized in order to celebrate something: the country's 50th anniversary celebrations | It was a 21st birthday celebration which Mary would never forget.
- **bash** *informal* a party, especially a big one that a lot of famous people go to – used especially in journalism: the star's birthday bash | a picture of him at a Hollywood bash | a showbiz bash
- **do** *British English informal* a party: We're having a do to celebrate Margaret's birthday.
- **dinner party** a party where people are invited to someone's house for an evening meal: I met him at a dinner party.
- **house-warming (party)** a party that you have when you move into a new house: We're having a house-warming next week.
- **cocktail party** (also **drinks party** *British English*) a party that people go to in order to talk and have a drink together for a few hours
- **fancy-dress party** *British English*, **costume party** *American English* a party where people dress in special clothes, for example to look like a famous person or a character in a story
- **hen party** *especially British English* a social event just before a wedding, for a woman who is getting married and her female friends
- **stag night** *British English*, **bachelor party** *American English* a social event just before a wedding, for a man who is getting married and his male friends
- **baby/wedding shower** *American English* an event at which people give presents to a woman who is going to have a baby or get married

IV. **do**<sup>4</sup> /dəʊ \$ doʊ/ *BrE* <sup>n</sup> *AmE* <sup>n</sup> *noun* [singular, uncountable]  
 another spelling of doh

do

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15000 **20**<sup>COCA</sup>

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201 **50702**<sup>217</sup> *nn1*

11 **245674**<sup>11</sup> *pphs1*

11 **245685**<sup>11</sup> *ppy*

9 **275385**<sup>9</sup> *pphs2*

9 **275388**<sup>9</sup> *ppis2*

8 **290468**<sup>8</sup> *ddq*

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