

1. ['paʊə] *n*

1. сила; мощь

the power of a blow - сила удара

the great flood moving with majesty and power - воды катились величественно и мощно

the country was at the height of her power - страна находилась в расцвете своего могущества [*ср. тж.* 4, 2)]

2. 1) энергия; мощность

electric power - электроэнергия

lifting [motive] power - подъёмная [движущая] сила

hydraulic power - гидравлическая энергия, энергия воды

emitting [ionizing] power - излучающая [ионизирующая] способность

atomic /nuclear/ power - атомная /ядерная/ энергия

power engineering - энергетика

power consumption - потребление энергии; расход мощности

power generation - производство энергии

power (is) on [off] - прибор /аппарат, агрегат, двигатель *и т. п.* / включён [выключен]

power cut /failure/ - отключение /прекращение подачи/ (электро)энергии

2) мощность; производительность

rated /design/ power - расчётная мощность

output power - выходная мощность, мощность на выходе

power factor - *эл.* коэффициент мощности; косинус фи

power augmentation - форсаж, форсировать (*двигателя*)

to be on full power - *тех.* работать на полную мощность

3) *тех. проф.* двигатель; машина; силовая установка

the mechanical powers - простые машины

power feed - механическая /автоматическая/ подача

power farming - механизированное сельское хозяйство

by power - механической силой, приводом от двигателя

4) энергетика

electric power - электроэнергетика

3. 1) могущество, сила, власть

absolute [supreme] power - абсолютная [верховная] власть

a party in power - правящая партия

the power of the law - сила закона

the power of Congress - власть конгресса

the power of the keys *см.* key1 | ◇

power of life and death - право распоряжаться жизнью и смертью

power of pit and gallows *см.* pit1 | 13

to be in power - быть /находиться/ у власти

to come /to rise/ to power - прийти к власти

to take [to seize] power - взять [захватить] власть

I am in your power - я в вашей власти

it is not within my power - это не в моей власти

2) *обыкн. pl* боги; божественные силы

the powers of darkness /of evil/ - силы тьмы; тёмные силы

merciful powers! - силы небесные!

3) *юр.* власть

legislative [executive, judicial] power - законодательная [исполнительная судебная] власть

separation of powers - разделение властей (*законодательной, исполнительной и судебной*)

4. 1) возможность

purchasing /buying/ power - покупательная способность

to do all /everything/ in one's power - сделать всё возможное

to be beyond /out of/ one's power - быть не под силу /не по силам/

he did it to the best /to the utmost/ of his power - он приложил максимум усилий

2) (*обыкн. pl*) (умственная или физическая) способность

power of movement [of thought] - двигательная [мыслительная] способность

power of observation - наблюдательность

mental powers - умственные способности

he is a man of varied powers - он наделён разными /многими/ способностями

his powers are failing - его силы угасают

at the height of one's powers - в расцвете сил [*ср. тж.* 1]

her powers of resistance are low - у неё слабая сопротивляемость

5. 1) право, полномочие

large powers - широкие полномочия

treaty-making power - право заключения договоров

power of substitution - *юр.* право передоверия

delegation of powers - передача полномочий

2) *юр.* доверенность (*тж.* power of attorney)

a full power - полная /общая/ доверенность

to furnish smb. with (a) full power(s) - предоставить кому-л. полную уверенность

3) *юр.* дееспособность, правоспособность

power of testation - правоспособность к совершению завещания

power of appointment *см.* appointment 6

6. держава

the Great Powers - великие державы

leading powers - ведущие державы

small [nuclear] power - малая [ядерная] держава

maritime [colonial] power - морская [колониальная] держава

occupying power - оккупирующая держава

7. *разг., диал.* много, множество

it's done me a power of good - это принесло мне огромную пользу

we saw a power of people - мы видели множество людей

8. *мат.*

1) степень

power equation [series] - *мат.* степенное уравнение [-ой ряд]

27 is the third power of 3 27 - - это три в кубе

2) порядок (*кривой*)

9. *опт.* сила увеличения; оптическая сила

the power of a lens - сила увеличения линзы

10. религиозный экстаз

◇ the powers that be - а) сильные мира сего, власть имущие; б) *библ.* власть предрешающие

2. ['paʊə] *v*

1) приводить в действие *или* движение; служить приводным двигателем

2) снабжать силовым двигателем

boat powered by outboard motor - лодка с подвесным мотором

3) питать (электро)энергией

4) поддерживать; вдохновлять

faith in goodness powers his life - вера в добро освещает всю его жизнь

power

power [power powers powered powering] noun, verb *BrE* ['paʊə(r)] ^m *NAmE*

['paʊə]

noun

Oxford Advanced Learners Dictionary 8th Ed.

CONTROL

1. **uncountable** the ability to control people or things

• ~ **(over sb/sth)** The aim is to give people more power over their own lives.

• ~ **(to do sth)** He has the power to make things very unpleasant for us.

• to have sb **in your power** (= to be able to do what you like with sb)

2. **uncountable** political control of a country or an area

• to **take/seize/lose power**

• The present regime has been **in power** for two years.

• The party **came to power** at the last election.

• They are hoping to return to power.

• a **power struggle** between rival factions within the party

see also ↑balance of power

ABILITY

3. **uncountable** (*in people*) the ability or opportunity to do sth

• It is not **within my power** (= I am unable or not in a position) to help you.

• I will **do everything in my power** to help you.

4. **uncountable** (*also powers plural*) a particular ability of the body or mind

• He had lost the power of speech.

• The drug may affect your powers of concentration.

• He had to use all his powers of persuasion.

5. **powers plural** all the abilities of a person's body or mind

• At 26, he is **at the height of his powers** and ranked fourth in the world.

AUTHORITY

6. **uncountable, countable, usually plural** the right or authority of a person or group to do sth

• ~ **(to do sth)** The Secretary of State has the power to approve the proposals.

• The powers of the police must be clearly defined.

• ~ **(of sth)** The president has the power of veto over all new legislation.

• Police in riot gear used their powers under the Public Order Act to move on 300 protesters.

see also ↑power of attorney

COUNTRY

7. **countable** a country with a lot of influence in world affairs, or with great military strength

- world powers
- an **allied/enemy power**
- see also** ↑superpower

INFLUENCE

- 8. uncountable** (in compounds) strength or influence in a particular area of activity
- economic power
 - **air/sea power** (= military strength in the air/ at sea)
 - purchasing power
 - Their efforts to exercise collective bargaining power against multinational companies have failed.
- 9. uncountable** the influence of a particular thing or group within society
- the power of the media
 - parent power

ENERGY

- 10. uncountable** the strength or energy contained in sth
- The ship was helpless against the power of the storm.
 - It was a performance of great power.
 - They were impressed by the power of her arguments.
- see also** ↑firepower, ↑staying power
- 11. uncountable** physical strength used in action; physical strength that sb possesses and might use
- He hit the ball with as much power as he could.
 - the sheer physical power of the man
- 12. uncountable** energy that can be collected and used to operate a machine, to make electricity, etc
- **nuclear/wind/solar power**
 - engine power
- see also** ↑horsepower

ELECTRICITY

- 13. uncountable** the public supply of electricity
- They've switched off the power.
 - a power failure

MATHEMATICS

- 14. countable, usually singular** the number of times that an amount is to be multiplied by itself
- 4 **to the power of** 3 is 4³ (= 4 × 4 × 4 = 64).

OF LENS

- 15. uncountable** the amount by which a ↑lens can make objects appear larger
- the power of a microscope/telescope

GOOD/EVIL SPIRIT

- 16. countable** a good or evil spirit that controls the lives of others
- the powers of darkness (= the forces of evil)
 - She believed in the existence of a benevolent power.

more at The corridors of power **at** ↑corridor, sweep (sb) to power **at** ↑sweep _{v.}

Word Origin:

Middle English: from Anglo-Norman French **poeir**, from an alteration of Latin **posse** 'be able'.

Thesaurus:

power **noun**

1. U

- He seized power in a military coup.

control • • **authority** • • **command** • • **rule** • • **office** • • **hold** • |formal| **jurisdiction** •

power/control/authority/command/rule/a hold/jurisdiction **over** sb/sth

in power/control/authority/command/office

absolute/complete power/control/authority/command/rule

have power/control/authority/command/a hold over sb/jurisdiction

take power/control/command/office

2. U, C, usually pl.

- The president has the power of veto over all legislation.

authority • • **right** • • **privilege** • |especially BrE, formal| **entitlement** •

the power/authority/right/entitlement **to do sth**

have a/an/the power/authority/right/privilege/entitlement

use/exercise your powers/authority/right/privilege/entitlement

Power or authority? (to have) the authority to do sth usually refers to what sb is allowed to do within a company or other organization. **The power to do sth** or **special powers** often refer to what sb is allowed to do within the law or government of a country:

- Only the manager has the authority to sign cheques.

✗ Only the manager has the power to sign cheques.:

- The powers of the police must be clearly defined.

✗ The authority of the police must be clearly defined.

3. U (used in compounds)

- the country's technological and military power

influence • • **weight** • |**formal leverage** •

considerable/political power/influence/weight/leverage

economic/financial power/weight/leverage

have/use/exercise/exert (your) power/influence/leverage

4. U

- Wind power drives the machinery.

energy •

electrical/nuclear/atomic/solar/wind/tidal power/energy

generate/produce/provide/supply/use/harness power/energy

a power/an energy **supply**

a **source** of power/energy

Power or energy? **Energy** is the source of power: the fuel, the light and heat from the sun or a nuclear reaction, etc. **Power** is energy that has been collected and used to produce electricity, etc. The **energy supply** is all the power that has not yet been used up; the **power supply** is the continuous flow of power to where it is being used

- The world's energy supply is heading for crisis.

- interruptions in the power supply

5. U

- the sheer physical power of the man

strength • • **force** • |**formal literary might** •

physical power/strength/force

use your power/your strength/force/your might

Collocations:

Politics

Power

create/form/be the leader of a political party

gain/take/win/lose/regain control of Congress

start/spark/lead/be on the brink of a revolution

be engaged/locked in an internal power struggle

lead/form a rival/breakaway faction

seize/take control of the government/power

bring down/overthrow/topple the government/president/ regime

abolish/overthrow/restore the monarchy

establish/install a military dictatorship/a stable government

be forced/removed/driven from office/power

resign/step down as party leader/an MP/president/prime minister

enter/retire from/return to political life

Political debate

spark/provoke a heated/hot/intense/lively debate

engage in/participate in/contribute to (the) political/public debate (on/over sth)

get involved in/feel excluded from the political process

launch/start/lead/spearhead a campaign/movement

join/be linked with the peace/anti-war/feminist/civil rights movement

criticize/speak out against/challenge/support the government

lobby/put pressure on the government (to do sth)

come under fire/pressure from opposition parties

Policy

call for/demand/propose/push for/advocate democratic/political/land reform(s)

formulate/implement domestic economic policy

change/influence/shape/have an impact on government/economic/public policy

be consistent with/be in line with/go against/be opposed to government policy

reform/restructure/modernize the tax system

privatize/improve/deliver/make cuts in public services

invest (heavily) in/spend sth on schools/education/public services/(the) infrastructure

nationalize the banks/the oil industry

promise/propose/deliver/give (\$80 billion in/significant/substantial/massive) tax cuts

a/the budget is approved/ (*especially NAmE*) passed by parliament/congress

Making laws

have a majority in/have seats in Parliament/Congress/the Senate

propose/sponsor a bill/legislation/a resolution

introduce/bring in/draw up/draft/adopt/pass a bill/a law/legislation/measures

amend/repeal an act/a law/legislation

veto/vote against/oppose a bill/legislation/a measure/a proposal/a resolution

get/require/be decided by a majority vote
more collocations at ↑economy, ↑voting

Example Bank:

- Don't underestimate my powers of persuasion.
- Having served in four governments, he has the greatest staying power of any politician today.
- He did everything in his power to find us somewhere to live.
- He sits on the board but has no executive power.
- He wants to change the world through the power of prayer.
- I lost my power of speech for a while after the accident.
- I'm afraid it's not within my power to help you.
- In 1946 Dalí was at the peak of his powers.
- People say that the First Lady is the power behind the throne.
- Power tools make many jobs so much easier.
- Religion is rapidly losing its power to shape our behaviour.
- She exudes star power whenever she's on screen.
- She was in the elevator when the power went off.
- Some states delegate police power to municipalities.
- The Crown prince assumed power in his father's place.
- The company was too small to hold two such power-hungry men.
- The court has no power to order a psychiatric examination of the child's parents.
- The emperor held no real power.
- The generator supplies power for lighting,
- The government has limited legal powers over television.
- The new law delegates many of these powers to school governors
- The party's power base is in the industrial north of the country.
- The plane was still climbing at full power.
- The real legislative power still rests with the lower chamber.
- The transmitter is operating on reduced power.
- The war brought about a shift in the balance of power.
- They believe he has supernatural powers.
- They fell from power in 1992.
- They held power for 18 years.
- They held us in their power.
- They use these streams to generate power for the mill.
- This wheel provides the power to the cutting machine.
- When did this government come to power?
- Who will get the upper hand in this power struggle?
- Wind power is used to drive the machinery.
- a task still beyond any computer's power
- a tribute to his powers as a teacher
- an increase in Britain's air power
- belief in a higher power
- certain powers that were granted to the government
- her powers of observation
- major European powers such as France and Germany
- supplying power for the grinding process
- the destructive power of a hurricane
- the father's position of power and influence in the home
- the healing power of sleep
- the party in power
- the raw power of their music
- the transfer of power from a military to a civilian government
- weapons with enormous fire power
- Air power decided the battle in favour of the Allies.
- He has the power to make life very difficult for us.
- He seized power in a military coup.
- He talked about the enormous power of the mass media.
- He transformed a backward country into a world power.
- Increased trade union bargaining power led to higher wage settlements.
- It is not within my power to help you.
- It was the beginning of a power struggle between rival factions within the party.
- She was determined to go through with her plan, now that she had him in her power.
- Sufferers of the disease have failing mental powers and poor memories.
- The Emperor had absolute power over all his subjects.
- The cost of solar power needs to fall before it makes an impact on the energy market.
- The country's dominance was assured by its technological and military power.
- The government promised greater opportunities for parent power.
- The influence of the former colonial power is still very much in evidence.

- There seems to have been a power failure.
- They've switched off the power.
- Those aged over 55 now have a purchasing power of more than £30 billion annually.
- To go higher the pilot increases the engine power.
- Values are distorted by the power of advertising.
- electrical/nuclear/atomic/solar/wind/tidal energy/power
- interruptions in the power supply
- to generate/produce/provide/supply/use/harness energy/power

Idioms: ↑do somebody a power of good ▪ ↑more power to somebody's elbow ▪ ↑power behind the throne ▪ ↑powers that be
Derived ↑power down ▪ ↑power something down ▪ ↑power something up

verb

SUPPLY ENERGY

- 1. transitive, usually passive** ~ sth to supply a machine or vehicle with the energy that makes it work
 - The aircraft is powered by a jet engine.
 - The plant generates enough energy to power a town of 6 000 people.
 - The mill's machinery is powered by waterwheels.

MOVE QUICKLY

- 2. intransitive, transitive** to move or move sth very quickly and with great power in a particular direction
 - + **adv./prep.** He powered through the water.
 - ~ **sth + adv./prep.** She **powered her way** into the lead.
 - He powered his header past the goalie.

Verb forms:

verb forms	
present simple	
I / you / we / they	power
	BrE / 'paʊə(r) /
	NAme / 'paʊər /
he / she / it	powers
	BrE / 'paʊəz /
	NAme / 'paʊəz /
past simple, past participle	powered
	BrE / 'paʊəd /
	NAme / 'paʊəd /
-ing form	powering
	BrE / 'paʊərɪŋ /
	NAme / 'paʊərɪŋ /

Word Origin:

Middle English: from Anglo-Norman French **poeir**, from an alteration of Latin **posse** 'be able'.

power

Longman DOCE 5th Ed. (En-En)

1. power ¹ **S1 W1** /'paʊə \$ paʊr/ **BrE** ² **AmE** ² **noun**

[**Word Family:** **noun:** ↑power, ↑superpower, ↑powerlessness, ↑empowerment; **adjective:** ↑powerful ≠ ↑powerless, ↑overpowering
 ↑power, ↑powered; **verb:** ↑power, ↑empower, ↑overpower; **adverb:** ↑powerfully ≠ ↑powerlessly, ↑overpoweringly]

[**Date:** 1200-1300; **Language:** Old French; **Origin:** poeir, from poeir 'to be able', from Latin potere; ⇨ ↑potent]

1. CONTROL [uncountable] the ability or right to control people or events ⇨ **powerful**, **powerless**

power over

People should have more power over the decisions that affect their lives.

power-mad/power-crazy/power-hungry (=wanting too much power)

power-hungry politicians

2. GOVERNMENT [uncountable] the position of having political control of a country or government

in power

The voters have once again shown their support for the party in power.

come/rise to power (=start having political control)

De Gaulle came to power in 1958.

They seized power in a military coup.

3. INFLUENCE [uncountable] the ability to influence people or give them strong feelings ⇨ **powerful**, **powerless**

power of

the power of his writing

the immense power of television

the **pulling power** (=ability to attract people or attention) of major celebrities

student/black/consumer etc power (=the political or social influence a particular group has)

4. RIGHT/AUTHORITY [uncountable and countable] the right or authority to do something:

The police have been given special powers to help them in the fight against terrorism.

power to do something

The committee has the power to order an enquiry.

power of arrest/veto etc

The chairman has the power of veto on all decisions.

5. **ABILITY** [uncountable and countable] a natural or special ability to do something:

After the accident she lost the power of speech (=ability to speak).

powers of observation/concentration/persuasion

a writer's powers of observation

your mental powers

a stone with magical powers

6. **ENERGY** [uncountable] energy that can be used to make a machine work or to make electricity

nuclear/wind/solar etc power

Many people are opposed to the use of nuclear power.

the search for renewable sources of power

under power

The ship was able to leave port under its own power (=without help from another machine, ship etc).

7. **earning/purchasing/bargaining etc power** the ability to earn money, buy things etc:

Property in the city is beyond the purchasing power of most people.

your bargaining power in pay negotiations

8. **STRENGTH** [uncountable] the physical strength or effect of something ⇒ **powerful**:

the power of a cheetah's long legs

The power of the explosion smashed windows across the street.

9. **ELECTRICITY** [uncountable] electricity that is used in houses, factories etc:

Make sure the power is switched off first.

power cut/failure/outage (=a short time when the electricity supply is not working)

Parts of the country have had power cuts because of the storms.

The power came back on.

10. **air/sea power** the number of planes or ships that a country has available to use in a war

11. **STRONG COUNTRY** [countable] a country that is strong and important and can influence events, or that has a lot of military strength ⇒ **powerful, powerless**:

Egypt is still a major power in the Middle East.

world power (=a country that can influence events in different parts of the world)

12. **be in/within sb's power (to do something)** if it is in someone's power to do something, they have the authority or ability to do it:

I wish it was within my power to change the decision.

do everything/all in your power

The ambassador promised to do everything in his power to get the hostages released.

13. **be beyond sb's power (to do something)** if it is beyond someone's power to do something, they do not have the authority or ability to do it:

It's beyond the power of the court to make such a decision.

14. **be in sb's power** *literary* to be in a situation in which someone has complete control over you

15. **do somebody a power of good** *British English informal* to make someone feel more healthy, happy, and hopeful about the future:

It looks as if your holiday has done you a power of good.

16. **MATHEMATICS** [countable] if a number is increased to the power of three, four, five etc, it is multiplied by itself three, four, five etc times

17. **the powers that be** the unknown people who have important positions of authority and power, and whose decisions affect your life:

The powers that be don't want the media to get hold of the story.

18. **LENS** [uncountable] *technical* the ability of a [↑]lens, for example in a pair of [↑]glasses or a [↑]microscope, to make things look bigger

19. **the powers of good/evil/darkness** unknown or magical forces that people believe can influence events in a good or evil way

20. **a power in the land** *old-fashioned* someone who has a lot of power and influence in a country

21. **the power behind the throne** someone who secretly controls and influences decisions made by the leader or government of a country, but who does not have an official government position

22. **power trip** *informal* if you are on a power trip, you are enjoying your power or authority in a way that other people think is unpleasant

⇒ [↑]staying power, [↑]balance of power, [↑]high-powered

• • •

COLLOCATIONS (for Meaning 1)

■ **verbs**

▪ **have power** People who have power never seem to use it to help others.

▪ **get/gain power** Women were trying to gain power in a male-dominated world.

▪ **use your power** (also **exercise (your) power** *formal*) The party will use all its power and influence to raise the issue in the Senate. | Questions have been asked about the way the police exercised their power.

▪ **wield power** *formal* (=use power - used when someone has a lot of power) The Church still wields enormous power in the country.

■ **adjectives**

▪ **great/huge/enormous** The central banks have huge power.

▪ **limited** The king's power was limited.

▪ **political/economic/military power** countries with little economic power

▪ **absolute power** (=total power, with no limits) Parents had absolute power over children in those days.

- **unbridled power** (=without any controls) Certain wealthy men exercised unbridled power.
- **real power** The real power lay with the President's advisers.

■ phrases

- **a power struggle** (=a situation in which groups or leaders try to get control) The country is locked in a power struggle between forces favouring and opposing change.
- **the balance of power** There has been a shift in the balance of power between the two countries.
- **a position of power** (=a job or role that gives someone power) Many of them were using their positions of power for personal advantage.
- **an abuse of power** (=a wrong or unfair use of power) This cover-up is a scandalous abuse of power.

...

COLLOCATIONS (for Meaning 2)

■ verbs

- **be in power** The law was passed when the Democrats were in power.
- **come to power** (=start being in control) Tony Blair came to power in 1997.
- **take power** (=start being in control, usually without an election) Many people fled after the military took power last September.
- **seize power** (=take power by force) His son seized power in a military coup.
- **assume power** *formal* (=take power) He assumed power after the assassination of the former president.
- **win power** (=win an election) The Prime Minister is facing his toughest challenge since winning power.
- **rise to power** The Roman emperor Vespasian rose to power through command of an army.
- **return/be returned to power** (=start being in control again, usually after an election) The party was returned to power with a reduced majority.
- **hold power** (=be in power) Economic disaster befell the country during the decade when he held power.
- **restore somebody to power** (=put someone in control of a country again) In 2004, the army restored him to power.
- **sweep to power** (=win an election easily) Reagan swept to power by promising reforms.
- **cling to power** (=not lose it, or try not to lose it) Mao Tse-tung, the leader of the 1949 Communist revolution, clung to power for 27 years.

■ phrases

- **sb's rise to power** The programme examines Saddam Hussein's rise to power.
- **sb's return to power** Churchill's return to power had an immediate effect upon Anglo-American relations.

...

COLLOCATIONS (for Meaning 5)

■ adjectives

- **mental powers** Is it possible to enhance your mental powers?
- **creative powers** A music teacher should have a real interest in developing children's creative powers.
- **healing powers** The water was supposed to have healing powers.
- **magical/special/miraculous powers** Diamonds were once thought to have magical powers.

■ phrases

- **the power of speech** I was so surprised that I momentarily lost the power of speech.
- **the power of flight** Some birds have lost the power of flight over millions of years.
- **powers of observation** Experience improves our powers of observation, since it teaches us what to look for.
- **powers of concentration** As you get older, your powers of concentration may decrease.
- **powers of persuasion** She used all her powers of persuasion to convince Tilly that the move was a good idea.
- **be at the height of your powers** (=be at a time in your life when your abilities are strongest) Fonteyn was still at the height of her powers as a dancer.

■ verbs

- **lose a power** He was a brilliant speaker, who never lost the power to influence people.
- **sb's powers are failing/waning** (=becoming less good) Mark felt that his creative powers were waning.

...

COLLOCATIONS (for Meaning 6)

■ ADJECTIVES/NOUN + power

- **nuclear power** The accident raised doubts about the safety of nuclear power.
- **solar power** (=energy produced by sunlight) They use solar power for all their heating.
- **wind power** (=energy produced by the wind) Is wind power the answer to the energy crisis?
- **wave power** (=energy produced by waves in the sea) Wave power can be used to generate electricity.
- **hydroelectric power** (=energy produced by flowing water) The factory is run on hydroelectric power.
- **steam power** (=energy produced from steam) Early engines were driven by steam power.

■ phrases

- **a source of power** One problem is their reliance on coal as the main source of power.

...

COLLOCATIONS (for Meaning 11)

■ ADJECTIVES/NOUN + power

- **a great power** Britain wanted to maintain her status as a great power.
- **a major power** (=very important one) There will be representatives from all the world's major powers at the conference.
- **a world power** (=one with influence all over the world) The United States had replaced Great Britain as the dominant world power.
- **a military/naval power** (=with a very strong army or navy) Russia had become a naval power equal to Spain.
- **a foreign power** He was charged with spying for a foreign power.

THESAURUS

- **country** an area of land controlled by its own government, president, king etc: Thailand is a beautiful country. | Which country would you most like to visit?
- **nation** a country, considered especially in relation to its people and its political and economic structure: The events shocked the whole nation. | The US is the most powerful nation in the world. | Leaders of the world's major industrialized nations attended the meeting.
- **state** a country considered as a political organization with its own government: They believe that Scotland should be an independent sovereign state. | Most European states joined the Council of Europe.
- **power** a country that is very strong and important: a meeting of the great powers | Britain is still a world power.
- **superpower** one of the most powerful countries in the world: During the Cuban Missile Crisis there was a real danger of conflict between the two world superpowers.
- **land** *literary* a country – used in stories: He told them about his journeys to foreign lands. | a traveller from a far-offland

II. power² BrE² AmE² verb

[Word Family: noun: ↑power, ↑superpower, ↑powerlessness, ↑empowerment; adjective: ↑powerful ≠ ↑powerless, ↑overpowering
↑power, ↑powered; verb: ↑power, ↑empower, ↑overpower; adverb: ↑powerfully ≠ ↑powerlessly, ↑overpoweringly]

1. [transitive usually passive] to supply power to a vehicle or machine:

It's powered by a Ferrari V12 engine.

2. [intransitive always + adverb/preposition] to move with a lot of force and speed:

His strong body powered through the water.

⇒ ↑high-powered

power something ↔ up phrasal verb

to make a machine start working:

Never move a computer while it is powered up.

III. power³ BrE³ AmE³ adjective [only before noun]

[Word Family: noun: ↑power, ↑superpower, ↑powerlessness, ↑empowerment; adjective: ↑powerful ≠ ↑powerless, ↑overpowering
↑power, ↑powered; verb: ↑power, ↑empower, ↑overpower; adverb: ↑powerfully ≠ ↑powerlessly, ↑overpoweringly]

1. driven by an electric motor:

power tools

power shower

2. **power breakfast/lunch etc** *informal* a meal at which people meet to discuss business

3. **power suit** *informal* clothes which you wear at work to make you look important or confident

power

Freakuency Pack

12500 **233**^{MCW}

15000 **230**^{COCA}

RANGE: **1k** POWER¹⁹¹⁶⁷⁸

power¹³⁵²⁵³

powered²⁶⁰⁰

powerful³⁴⁶²⁴

powerfully¹³⁰⁴

powers¹⁵⁷²⁷

powerless¹⁷¹⁷

powerlessly⁰

powerlessness⁴⁵³

COCA 500k Unlemmatized

46843 **276**¹³³⁶⁰⁶ *nn1*

587 **22890**⁸⁷⁷ *np1*

261 **40932**³²² *nnu*

257 **45125**²⁶⁹ *vv0*

125 **65430**¹³³ *vvi*

37 **127006**³⁷ *jj*

5 **391443**⁵ *vbz*

4 **425437**⁴ *ddq*