

deficit['defɪsɪt] *n*

дефицит, нехватка, недочёт

balance of payments deficit - дефицит платёжного баланса

to show a deficit - иметь дефицит (в бюджете)

to make /to make up, to cover/ the deficit - покрыть дефицит

deficit

Oxford Advanced Learners Dictionary 8th Ed.

deficit [deficit deficits] *BrE* ['defɪsɪt] ¹ *NAmE* ['defɪsɪt] ² **noun****1.** (economics) the amount by which money spent or owed is greater than money earned in a particular period of time• a **budget/trade deficit**• The trade balance has been **in deficit** for the past five years.**compare** ↑surplus**2.** (formal) the amount by which sth, especially an amount of money, is too small or smaller than sth else

• There's a deficit of \$3 million in the total needed to complete the project.

• The team has to come back from a 2–0 deficit in the first half.

Word Origin:late 18th cent.: via French from Latin **deficit** 'it is lacking', from the verb **deficere** 'desert or fail', from **de-** (expressing reversal) + **facere** 'do'.Collocations:**International relations***Trade*

facilitate/regulate trade (with other countries)

form/join a trading bloc

live in/compete in a global/the world economy

support/promote free trade

adopt/call for/oppose protectionist measures

erect/impose/reduce/remove trade barriers

impose/lift/raise/eliminate import tariffs (on sth)

have/run a huge/large/growing trade surplus/deficit

embrace/resist/drive globalization

Politics and law

conduct/handle/talk about/discuss foreign policy

pursue an aggressive/a hawkish foreign policy

require/use/conduct diplomacy

establish/break off/sever/restore diplomatic relations

foster/promote/strengthen regional cooperation

facilitate/achieve economic/political integration

exercise/defend/protect/transfer/restore/regain national/state/full/limited sovereignty

consolidate/extend/lose/retain your power (in the region)

hold/maintain/change/alter/shift/be a shift in the balance of power (in the region)

cause/create/open/expose/heal/repair a deep/growing/major/serious rift between X and Y

Meetings and agreements

have/hold/host/attend an international conference/an economic forum/a G20 summit

launch a new round of global/multilateral/world trade negotiations

send/head/lead/meet a high-level/an official/a trade delegation

begin/start/continue/resume peace talks

be committed to/be opposed to/disrupt/undermine/derail/sabotage the peace process

negotiate/achieve a lasting political settlement

broker/sign a peace deal/agreement/treaty

Conflict

be/constitute/pose a threat to global security

compromise/endanger/protect national security

justify/be in favour of/ (especially US) be in favor of/be against military intervention

threaten/authorize/launch/take/support/oppose unilateral/pre-emptive military action

impose/enforce/lift/end economic sanctions/an arms embargo/a naval blockade

close/protect/secure/patrol the border

lead/be involved in a peacekeeping operation

Aid

negotiate/announce a \$15 billion aid package/an economic stimulus package

send/provide/request/cut off military aid

bring/provide emergency/humanitarian relief

deliver/distribute medical supplies/(BrE) food parcels

fund/run a foreign/a local/an international NGO

reduce/eradicate child/global/world poverty

Example Bank:

- If the government didn't run such huge deficits, the country would not have financial problems.
- The UK remained in deficit with all countries outside the EU.
- The US trade deficit ballooned to a record \$167 billion.
- The company has run up a deficit of £30 000.
- The government was forced to sell state-owned companies to fund the budget deficit.
- The trade balance shows a deficit of two million dollars.
- United are hoping to overturn a two-goal deficit from the first leg.
- We will find it hard to make up this deficit.
- You cannot cut a budget deficit simply by raising taxes.
- a budget deficit running at 7% of GDP
- attention deficit disorder
- the US trade deficit with Japan
- to prevent the country from moving into deficit
- The team has come back from a 2–0 deficit in the first half.
- There's a deficit of \$3 million in the total needed to complete the project.
- We are facing a substantial trade deficit.

deficit

Longman DOCE 5th Ed. (En-En)

defɪsɪt /'defəsət, 'defɪsət/ *BrE* " *AmE* " *noun* [countable]

[Date: 1700-1800; Language: French; Origin: déficit, from Latin deficit 'it lacks', from deficere; ⇨ ↑defect¹]

the difference between the amount of something that you have and the higher amount that you need ⇨ **shortfall**:

- " the country's widening budget deficit
- " the US's foreign trade deficit

deficit of

- " a deficit of £2.5 million

deficit in

- " Many countries have a big deficit in food supply.

in deficit

- " The US balance of payments was in deficit.

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COLLOCATIONS

■ ADJECTIVES/NOUN + deficit

- **huge/massive** (=very big) The recession left the Government with a massive deficit.
- **a growing deficit** (=becoming bigger) Congress must slash federal spending to curb a growing deficit.
- **a budget deficit** Last year there was a budget deficit of US \$70,000,000.
- **a trade deficit** (=the difference between the amount of goods a country imports and the amount it exports) Last year the country had its largest trade deficit in recent history.

■ verbs

- **have a deficit** We had a trade deficit of more than \$4 billion.
- **show a deficit** Friday's trade figures showed a £10 billion deficit.
- **face a deficit** The party is facing a deficit of £1.3million for this year, so it must find ways of cutting its costs.
- **reduce/cut a deficit** We must drastically cut our budget deficit to sustain economic growth.
- **eliminate a deficit** (=completely get rid of it) His proposals have so far failed to eliminate the deficit.

deficit

Freakuency Pack

12500 **3189**^{MCW}

15000 **2107**^{COCA}

RANGE: **5k** DEFICIT ¹⁶¹²³

deficit ¹²⁴¹²

deficits ³⁷¹¹

COCA 500k Unlemmatized

5307 **3360**¹²³⁷⁴ *nn1*

19 **164478**²³ *jj*

9 **248599**¹¹ *nnu*

4 **445552**⁴ *np1*