cognition [kɒg′nɪ∫(ə)n] *пкнижн.* 1) знание; познание 2) познавательная способность

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cognition Oxf ord Advance   cog·ni·tion [cognition cognitions] BrE [kpg'nɪʃn] NAmE [ka□□n[] n noun Oxf ord Advance   uncountable (psychology) NAmE [ka□□n[] n noun   the process by which knowledge and understanding is developed in the mind • child studies centring on theories of cognition	ed Learners Dictionary 8th Ed.
<u>Word Origin:</u> late Middle English: f rorbatin cognitio(-), f romognoscere <b>'get to know'</b> .	
Example Bank: • He has done extensive research into theories of human cognition. • The connections between cognition and language seem to be similar in all cultures.	
cognition Long   cognition /køg'nı∫ən \$ ka□□-BrE * AmE * noun [uncountable] [Date: 1400-1500; Language: Latin; Origin: cognitio, f romognoscere 'to be familiar with, know', f ro come to know]   formal the process of knowing, understanding, and learning something SYN thought: * the regions of the brain that are responsible f omemory and cognition	man DOCE 5th Ed. (En-En) mo- ( ⇔ <sup>↑</sup> <b>co-</b> ) + gnoscere <i>'to</i>
cognition 12500 <sup>9401</sup> <sup>MCW</sup> 15000 <sup>7044</sup> <sup>cocA</sup> RANGE: 9k COGNITION 1557 cognition 1216 cognitions 301 cognitional 40 COCA 500k Unlemmatized 618 <sup>18634</sup> <sup>1216</sup> nn1	Freakuency Pack